

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of treating a subject diagnosed as having a lysosomal storage disease comprising first administering a gene therapy vector encoding a lysosomal hydrolase under the control of at least one tissue-specific regulatory element and then administering an exogenously produced natural or recombinant lysosomal hydrolase, such that the lysosomal storage disease is treated,

wherein:

the gene therapy vector is an adeno-associated virus (AAV), and

the tissue specific regulatory element is a liver-specific regulatory element.

2. (Cancelled)

3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, where the tissue liver- specific regulatory element is chosen from at least one of a tissue liver- specific promoter and a tissue liver- specific enhancer.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1, where administering the gene therapy vector encoding a lysosomal hydrolase induces immunological tolerance to the lysosomal hydrolase.

5. (Cancelled)

6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, where a lesser amount of the exogenously produced natural or recombinant lysosomal hydrolase is administered to the subject to treat the lysosomal storage disease than would be administered if the subject had not been administered a gene therapy vector encoding a lysosomal hydrolase or had been administered a gene therapy vector without a tissue liver- specific promoter regulatory element controlling expression of the lysosomal hydrolase.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1, where the lysosomal storage disease is Fabry disease.

8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, where the treatment results in a decrease in globotriaosylceramide (GL-3) in the subject compared to the GL-3 level in the subject before treatment.

9. (Original) The method of claim 7, where the lysosomal hydrolase is α -galactosidase A.

10. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, where the lysosomal storage disease is Pompe disease.

11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 10, where the treatment results in a decrease in glycogen in the subject compared to the glycogen level in the subject before treatment.

12. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 10, where the lysosomal hydrolase is α -glucosidase.

13. (Cancelled)

14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 [[13]], where the viral gene therapy vector is chosen from adeno-associated virus 1 (AAV1), adeno-associated virus 2 (AAV2), adeno-associated virus 5 (AAV5), adeno-associated virus 7 (AAV7), and adeno-associated virus 8 (AAV8).

15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, where the tissue liver-specific regulatory element is a liver-specific promoter.

16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 15, where the liver-specific promoter is a human serum albumin promoter.

17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, where the tissue liver-specific regulatory element is a tissue liver-specific enhancer.

18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 17, where the ~~tissue liver-~~ specific enhancer is a human prothrombin enhancer.

19. (Cancelled)

20. (Currently Amended) A method of treating a subject diagnosed as having Fabry disease comprising first administering a gene therapy vector encoding α -galactosidase A under the control of a human albumin promoter and 2 copies of a human prothrombin enhancer and then administering an exogenously produced natural or recombinant α -galactosidase A, such that the Fabry disease is treated,

wherein the gene therapy vector is an adeno-associated virus (AAV).

21. (Cancelled)

22. (Withdrawn – Currently Amended) A method of treating a subject diagnosed as having Pompe disease comprising first administering a gene therapy vector encoding α -glucosidase under the control of a liver-specific promoter and optionally, at least one copy of a ~~tissue liver-~~ specific enhancer, and then administering an exogenously produced natural or recombinant α -glucosidase, such that the Pompe disease is treated.

23-35. (Cancelled)

36. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 20, where administering the gene therapy vector encoding ~~a lysosomal hydrolase~~ α -galactosidase A induces immunological tolerance to the ~~lysosomal hydrolase~~ α -galactosidase A.

37. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 20, where a lesser amount of the exogenously produced natural or recombinant ~~lysosomal hydrolase~~ α -galactosidase A is administered to the subject to treat the ~~lysosomal storage~~ Fabry disease than would be administered if the subject had not been administered a gene therapy vector encoding ~~a lysosomal hydrolase~~ α -galactosidase A or had been administered a gene therapy vector without a ~~tissue specific promoter~~ human albumin promoter and 2 copies

of a human prothrombin enhancer controlling expression of the lysosomal hydrolase α-galactosidase A.

38. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 20, where the treatment results in a decrease in globotriaosylceramide (GL-3) in the subject compared to the GL-3 level in the subject before treatment.

39. (Cancelled)

40. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 20 [[39]], where the viral vector is chosen from adeno-associated virus 1 (AAV1), adeno-associated virus 2 (AAV2), adeno-associated virus 5 (AAV5), adeno-associated virus 7 (AAV7), and adeno-associated virus 8 (AAV8).

41. (New) The method of claim 1, where the liver-specific regulatory element is DC190 (a human albumin promoter and 2 copies of a human prothrombin enhancer).

42. (New) The method of claim 1, where the lysosomal storage disease is Niemann-Pick disease.

43. (New) The method of claim 42, where the treatment results in a decrease in sphingomyelin in the subject compared to the sphingomyelin level in the subject before treatment.

44. (New) The method of claim 42, where the lysosomal hydrolase is sphingomyelinase.

45. (New) The method of claim 1, where the lysosomal storage disease is Gaucher disease.

46. (New) The method of claim 45, where the treatment results in a decrease in glucocerebroside in the subject compared to the glucocerebroside level in the subject before treatment.

47. (New) The method of claim 10, where the lysosomal hydrolase is glucocerebrosidase.